

Forward timetable of consultation and decision making

Finance & Performance Scrutiny 25 July 2022

Wards affected: All Wards

Treasury Management Quarter 1 2022/23

Report of Head of Finance

1. Purpose of report

1.1 To inform the Committee of the Council's Treasury Management activity in the first quarter of 2022/23.

2. Recommendation

2.1 That the Committee note the report.

3. Background to the report

3.1 At its meeting on 22nd February 2022 Council approved the Council's Treasury Management Policy for the year 2022/23 and delegated the oversight of the execution of the Policy to this Committee.

This report sets out the Treasury Management activities in 202/23 and shows that they are in line with the limits set out in the Policy.

Treasury Management covers two main areas: -

1. The management of day-to-day cash flows by way of short-term investing and borrowing. Longer term investment opportunities may arise depending on cash flow requirements.

2. Management of the Council's long term debt portfolio which is used to finance capital expenditure that cannot be immediately funded by internal resources (e.g., by Capital Receipts).

Economic Background

- 3.2 The quarter ended 30th June 2022 saw:
 - 1. GDP fall by 0.1% m/m in March and by 0.3% m/m in April;
 - 2. An easing rather than a collapse in the composite Purchasing Managers Index (PMI);
 - 3. A further rise in Consumer Price Index (CPI) inflation to a new 40-year high of 9.1% in May;
 - 4. The first signs that the weakening in economic activity is filtering into a slightly looser labour market;
 - 5. Bank Rate rise to 1.25%, taking it to its highest level since the Global Financial Crisis;
 - 6. Gilt yields caught up in the global surge in bond yields triggered by May's strong rise in US inflation;
 - 7. Rising global bond yields and concerns over growth drive a global sell-off in equity markets.

The latest forecasts are detailed in the table below:

	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1
	2023	2023	2023	2023	2024
Bank Rate	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.50%
5yr PWLB					
rate	3.30%	3.30%	3.20%	3.10%	3.00%
10yr PWLB					
rate	3.50%	3.50%	3.40%	3.30%	3.20%
25yr PWLB					
rate	3.70%	3.70%	3.70%	3.60%	3.50%
50yr PWLB					
rate	3.50%	3.40%	3.40%	3.30%	3.20%

Investment Activity

3.3 The Council's investment strategy primary objectives are safeguarding the repayment of the principal and interest of its investments on time, ensuring adequate liquidity, with the investment return being the final objective. If required, officers implement an operational strategy which tightens the controls already in place in the approved investment strategy. The Council's investment criterion was approved by Council in February 2022.

Funds for investment come from the following Sources:

- a) Revenue Account Balances held by the Council
- b) Earmarked Reserves and Provisions
- c) Unapplied Capital Receipts
- d) Cash flow balances income received before expenditure needs to be invested.

Depending on the flow of cash (difference between income receipts and payments) the bank balance will vary. Where there is a surplus balance monies are invested. When there is a need for cash, investments are called in to ensure funds are not overdrawn. As at 30 June 2022, the Council held the following investments totalling £25,438,400 and are summarised below.

Counterparty	Investmen t Date	Maturity Date	Amount	Interest Rate
	31/03/202			
HSBC Call	2	31/03/202	£3,438,400	0.0100
	02/08/202			
Furness BS	1	01/08/2022	£2,000,000	0.3000
	03/11/202			
Santander	1	02/11/2022	£2,000,000	0.6100
	01/12/202			
Thurrock BC	1	30/11/2022	£2,500,000	0.4200
Furness BS	09/12/202	08/12/2022	£1,000,000	0.5000
Furness BS	23/03/202	22/03/2023	£1,000,000	1.9000
	01/04/202			
Thurrock BC	2	31/03/2023	£2,000,000	1.6000
National Counties BS	12/04/202 2	11/04/2023	£1,000,000	1.5000
Standard Chartered Bank	13/04/202 2	13/04/2023	£1,000,000	1.8800
	19/04/202			
Standard Chartered Bank	2	18/04/2023	£2,000,000	1.8800
Standard Chartered Bank	27/04/202 2	26/04/2023	£3,000,000	2.0100
Furness BS	09/05/202	09/02/2023	£1,000,000	1.7500

	01/06/202			
Melton Mowbray BS	2	08/02/2023	£2,500,000	1.7000
	15/06/202			
Standard Chartered Bank	2	15/03/2023	£1,000,000	2.3700
Total			£25,438,400	

Details of investments held from April 2022 to March 2023 are available on request.

Details of the weighted average investment to March 2023 are shown in the table below together with the Industry Average, Sterling Overnight Index Average (SONIA) as a benchmark. The Council received a rate of return that is comparable with the returns available in the market. Additionally, the weighted average period is within the maximum set of 0.5 years. Average investments returns are slightly lower than the comparable overnight index average (a return of 1.1177% compared against 1.2131%.) The major reason for this slight under performance is due to older investments that were settled at rates pre interest rate increases. Additionally, we are currently exploring possibilities to invest short term at more favourable rates. This should result in average returns being favourable again by the end of quarter 3.

Period	Weighted Average invested	Average period (days)	HBBC Average Return %	1 Month SONIA %	3 Month SONIA %	6 Month SONIA %
Apr to						
June						
2022	£25,547,248	119	1.1177	0.9882	1.2131	1.5361

Borrowing Activities

3.4 Long-term borrowing to finance Capital Expenditure

Excluding the HRA self financing element, the Council has a Capital Financing Requirement of £30.98m for the current year which arises from previous decisions to incur Capital Expenditure that was not financed immediately by internal resources e.g., Capital Receipts or Grants giving rise to the need to borrow to finance the expenditure. This borrowing requirement can either be met by long- or short-term external borrowing or by internal borrowing i.e., using the cash behind the authority's balances and reserves and foregoing investment income. At the present time the interest payable on long term

borrowing is significantly greater than the returns the Council could expect on its investments and therefore the Council has adopted a policy of being "underborrowed" by £25m with only £8.3m of long-term loans on its books and a £7m loan for the MIRA infrastructure project.

Additionally, as part of the Self Financing HRA Settlement £67.652m has been borrowed from PWLB. Repayment options have been discussed with members and were presented to the Executive on 13th March 2012. Repayments for principal amounts for these loans commenced in March 2020. The remaining loan will be repaid in equal instalments of £2.9414m over 22 yrs.

Short Term Borrowing

3.5 On 26 May 2022 £4,000,000 was borrowed from Blaby District Council for 7 days at 0.900% to maintain a positive cash balance, this was repaid in full within the 7 days.

4. Exemptions in accordance with the Access to Information procedure rules

4.1 Report to be taken in open session.

5. Financial implications [IB]

5.1 Any variations to budgets resulting from borrowing investing activities are reported within the Outturn position.

6. Legal implications [MR]

6.1 There are no legal implications arising directly from this report.

7. Corporate Plan implications

- 7.1 This report supports the following Corporate Aims
 - Thriving Economy

8. Consultation

8.1 None

9. Risk implications

- 9.1 It is the council's policy to proactively identify and manage significant risks which may prevent delivery of business objectives.
- 9.2 It is not possible to eliminate or manage all risks all of the time and risks will remain which have not been identified. However, it is the officer's opinion

based on the information available, that the significant risks associated with this decision / project have been identified, assessed and that controls are in place to manage them effectively.

9.3 The following significant risks associated with this report / decisions were identified from this assessment:

Management of significant (Net Red) risks			
Risk description	Mitigating actions	Owner	
That the Council has insufficient resources to meet its aspirations and cannot set a balanced budget	Budgets are scrutinised on an ongoing to ensure assumptions are robust and reflect financial performance and sufficient levels of reverses and balances are maintained to ensure resilience	A Wilson	

10. Knowing your community – equality and rural implications

10.1 None

11. Climate implications

11.1 None

12. Corporate implications

- 12.1 By submitting this report, the report author has taken the following into account:
 - Community safety implications
 - Environmental implications
 - ICT implications
 - Asset management implications
 - Procurement implications
 - Human resources implications
 - Planning implications
 - Data protection implications
 - Voluntary sector

Background papers: Civica Reports

Link Reports

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